A <b>task</b> : "Implei	GSS-1.1 <b>1. Introduction</b> <b>Domain-Specific Knowledge</b> ment a program to store collections of words, that describe animals"	Lecture Generating Software from Specifications WS 2013/14 / Slide 101 Objectives: Get an idea of domain-specific In the lecture: The categories are explained using the example
Categories of	knowledge required to carry out a task:	
General:	knowledge applicable to a wide variety of tasks e.g. English words; program in C	
Domain-speci	ific: knowledge applicable to all tasks of this type e.g. group word in sets; implement arbitrary numbers of sets of strings in C	
Task-specific:	<ul> <li>knowledge about the particular task at hand</li> <li>e.g. sets of words to characterize animals</li> </ul>	
A domain-spec	cific language is used to describe the particular task	
A domain-spec particular set c	cific generator creates a C program that stores the of strings.	

GSS-1.2

# Example for a Domain-Specific Generator

Input: collection of words:

colors{red blue green}
bugs{ant spider fly moth bee}
verbs{crawl walk run fly}

- simple domain-specific description
- errors easier to detect in the domain-specific description
- a number of tasks of the same kind

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- constraints on representation using general knowledge require a more complex and detailed description (implementation)
- consistency conditions in the representation using general knowledge are difficult to check

Output: C header file: int number\_of\_sets = 3; char \*name\_of\_set[] = { "colors", "bugs", "verbs"}; int size\_of\_set[] = { з, 5, 4}; char \*set\_of\_colors[] = { "red", "blue", "green"}; char \*set\_of\_bugs[] = { "ant", "spider", "fly", "moth", "bee"}; char \*set\_of\_verbs[] = { "crawl", "walk", "run", "fly"}; char \*\*values\_of\_set[] = { set\_of\_colors, set\_of\_bugs, set\_of\_verbs};

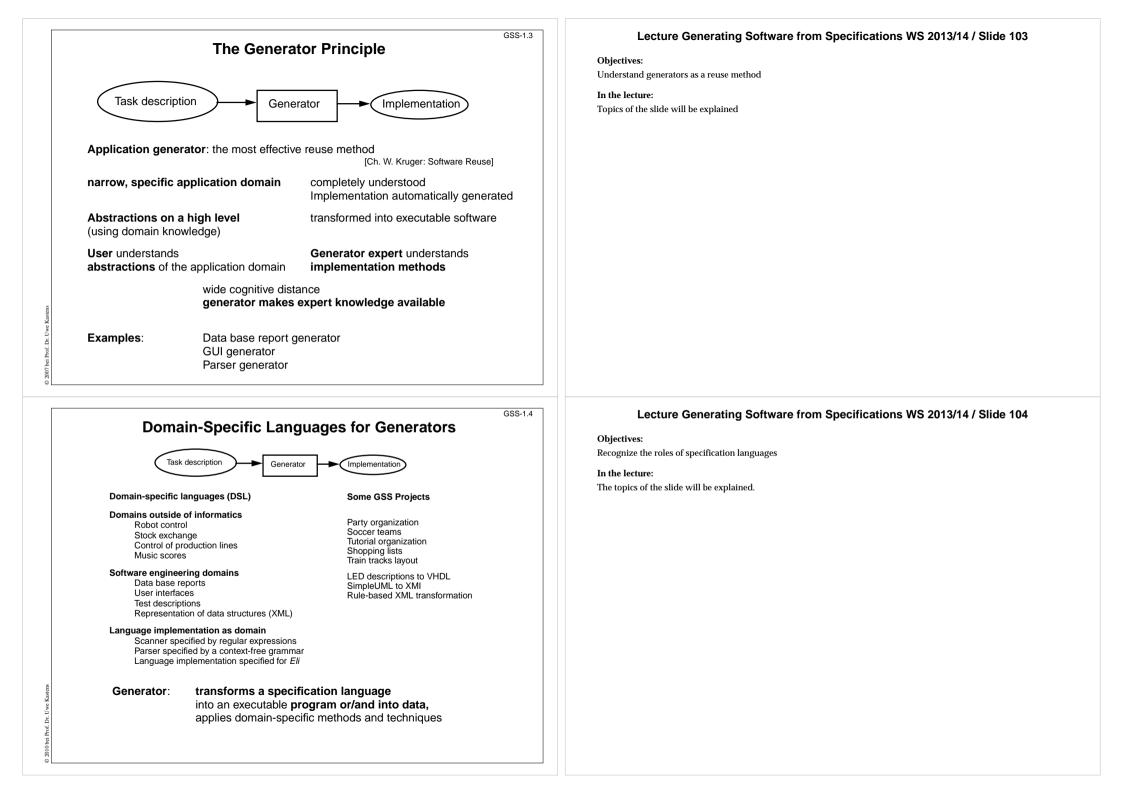
# Lecture Generating Software from Specifications WS 2013/14 / Slide 102

Objectives:

Characteristics of a domain-specific generator

In the lecture:

The example will be explained.



Reuse	of Products
Product	What is reused?
Library of functions	Implementation
Module, component	Code
generic module	Planned variants of code
Software architecture	Design
Framework	Design and code
Design pattern	Strategy for design and construction
Generator	Knowledge, how to construct implementations from descriptions
Construction process	Knowledge, how to use and combine tools to build software

GSS-1.6 **Organisation of Reuse** How Products Consequences • Code is copied and modified ad hoc • no a priori costs adaptation of OO classes • very dangerous for incrementally in sub-classes maintanance • oo libraries, frameworks • high a priori costs planned Specialization of classes effective reuse automatic • Generators, · high a priori costs intelligent development • very effective reuse environments • wide cognitive distance

R. Prieto-Diaz: Status Report: Software reusability, IEEE Software, 10(3), 1993

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## Lecture Generating Software from Specifications WS 2013/14 / Slide 106

Lecture Generating Software from Specifications WS 2013/14 / Slide 105

**Objectives:** 

**Objectives:** 

In the lecture: • Items are explained.

Questions:

Overview on reuse products

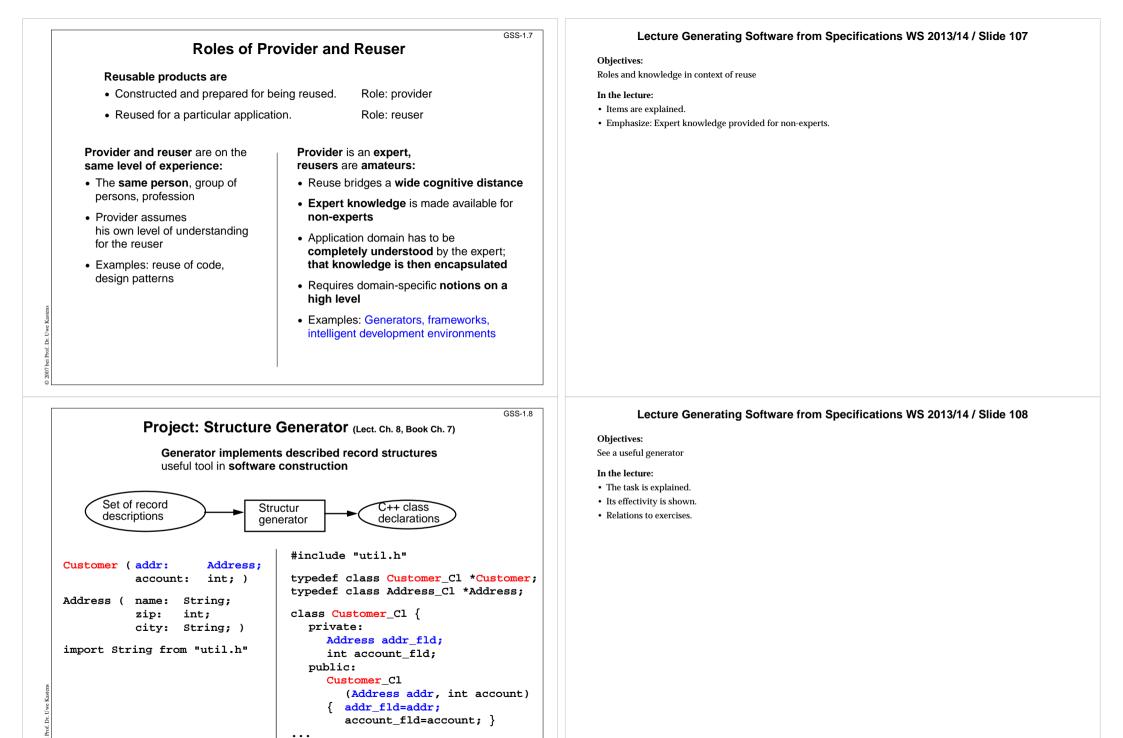
• Emphasize the role of generators.

Give concrete examples for reuse products.

Reuse costs and effectiveness

In the lecture:

- · Items are explained.
- Emphasize the role of generators.



};

# Task Decomposition for the Implementation of Domain-Specific Languages

Lexical analysis	Scanning Conversion
Syntactic analysis	Parsing
	Tree construction
Semantic analysis	Name analysis Property analysis
Transformation	Data mapping Action mapping
	Syntactic analysis Semantic analysis

[W. M. Waite, L. R. Carter: Compiler Construction, Harper Collins College Publisher, 1993]

Corresponds to task decomposition for

Ľ.

frontends of compilers for programming languages (no machine code generation) source-to-source transformation

Design and Specification of a DSL					
Structuring	Lexical analysis	Design the notation of tokens Specify them by regular expressions			
Struc	Syntactic analysis	Design the structure of descriptions Specify it by a context-free grammar			
Translation	Semantic analysis	Design binding rules for names and properties of entities. Specify them by an attribute grammar			
	Transformation	Design the translation into target code. Specify it by text patterns and their intantiation			

# Customer (addr: Address; account: int;) Address ( name: String;

zip: int; city: String; )

import String from "util.h"

# Lecture Generating Software from Specifications WS 2013/14 / Slide 109

#### **Objectives:**

GSS-1.9

ecall general model of compiler tasks

#### In the lecture:

- Reminder to compiler lecture
- Relate to compiler technique

### Questions:

Find the corresponding slide in the lecture material of Programming Languages and Compilers.

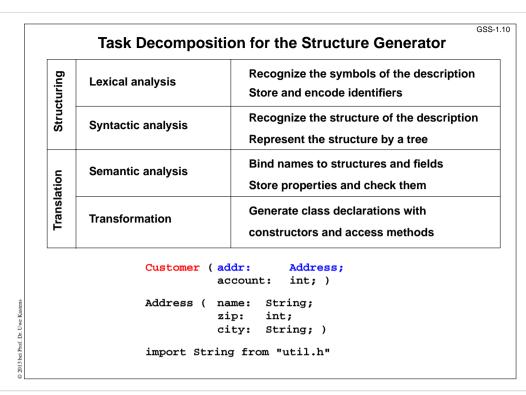
# Lecture Generating Software from Specifications WS 2013/14 / Slide 109a

Objectives:

decompose the task of DSL design

In the lecture:

Explain the sub-tasks for DSL design and specification for the given example



## Lecture Generating Software from Specifications WS 2013/14 / Slide 110

#### **Objectives:**

get concrete ideas of the sub-tasks

In the lecture:

Explain the sub-tasks for the given example

# Lecture Generating Software from Specifications WS 2013/14 / Slide 111

#### **Objectives:**

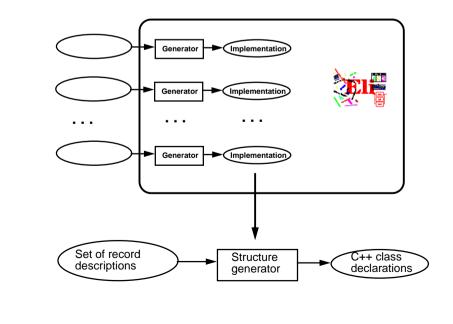
GSS-1.11

Generators for sub-tasks provided by Eli

#### In the lecture:

Explain the diagram

- Examples for generators
- · Generators generate a generator.

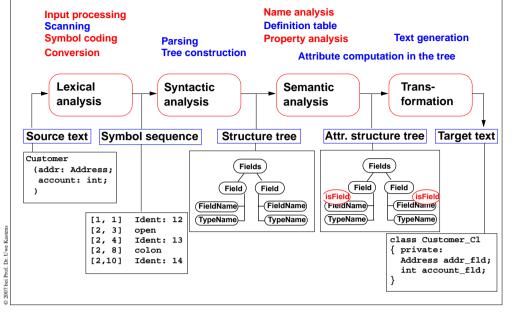


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Eli Generates a Structure Generator

### GSS-1.12 Task Decomposition Determines the Architecture of the Generator

Specialized tools solve specific sub-tasks for creating of the product:



# The Eli System

- · Framework for language implementation
- Suitable for any kind of textual language: domain-specific languages, programming languages
- state-of-the-art compiler technique
- Based on the (complete) task decomposition (cf. GSS-1.9)
- Automatic construction process
- Used for many practical projects world wide
- Developed, extended, and maintained since1989 by William M. Waite (University of Colorado at Boulder), Uwe Kastens (University of Paderborn), and Antony M. Sloane (Macquarie University, Sydney)
- Freely available via Internet from http://eli-project.sourceforge.net



GSS-1.13

### Lecture Generating Software from Specifications WS 2013/14 / Slide 112

#### **Objectives:**

Understand the architecture of language processors

#### In the lecture:

- Phases, tasks, and representations of the intermediate results of the sub-tasks are explained
- blue: Generators in Eli
- red: Modules in Eli

#### Questions:

Compare this architecture with the structure of compilers as presented in the lecture on PLaC

# Lecture Generating Software from Specifications WS 2013/14 / Slide 113

#### **Objectives:**

Get introduced to Eli

In the lecture:

- Explain the topics on the slide
- Refer to practical exercises

# Hints for Using Eli

#### 1. Start Eli:

/comp/eli/current/bin/eli [-c cacheLocation][-r]
Without -c a cache is used/created in directory ~/.ODIN. -r resets the cache

## 2. Cache:

Eli stores all intermediate products in cache, a tree of directories and files. Instead of recomputing a product, Eli reuses it from the cache. The cache contains only derived data; can be recomputed at any time.

## 3. Eli Documentation:

*Guide for New Eli Users*: Introduction including a little tutorial *Products and Parameters* and *Quick Reference Card*: Description of Eli commands *Translation Tasks*: Conceptual description of central phases of language implementation. *Reference Manuals, Tools* and *Libraries* in Eli, *Tutorials* 

#### 4. Eli Commands:

A common form: Specification : Product > Target e.g. Wrapper.fw : exe > . from the specification derive the executable and store it in the current directory Wrapper.fw : exe : warning > from ... derive the executable, derive the warnings produced and show them

# 5. Eli Specifications: A set of files of specific file types.

6. Literate Programming: FunnelWeb files comprise specifications and their documentation

### Lecture Generating Software from Specifications WS 2013/14 / Slide 114

#### **Objectives:**

GSS-1.14

# Get started using Eli

In the lecture:

- Explain the topics on the slide
- Demonstrate using Eli
- Show the mentioned documents