Programming Languages and Compilers

Prof. Dr. Uwe Kastens

WS 2013 / 2014

PLaC-0.2

0. Introduction

Objectives

The participants are taught to

- understand properties and notions of programming languages
- understand **fundamental techniques** of language implementation, and to use **generating tools and standard solutions**,
- apply compiler techniques for design and implementation of **specification languages and domain specific languages**

Forms of teaching:

Lectures

Tutorials

Homeworks

Exercises Running project

	Contents	PLaC-0
Week	Chapter	
1	0. Introduction	
2	1. Language Properties and Compiler tasks	
3 - 4	2. Symbol Specification and Lexical Analysis	
5 - 7	3. Context-free Grammars and Syntactic Analysis	
8 - 10	4. Attribute Grammars and Semantic Analysis	
11	5. Binding of Names	
12	6. Type Specification and Analysis	
13	7. Specification of Dynamic Semantics	
13	8. Source-to-Source Translation	
	9. Domain Specific Languages	
	Summary	

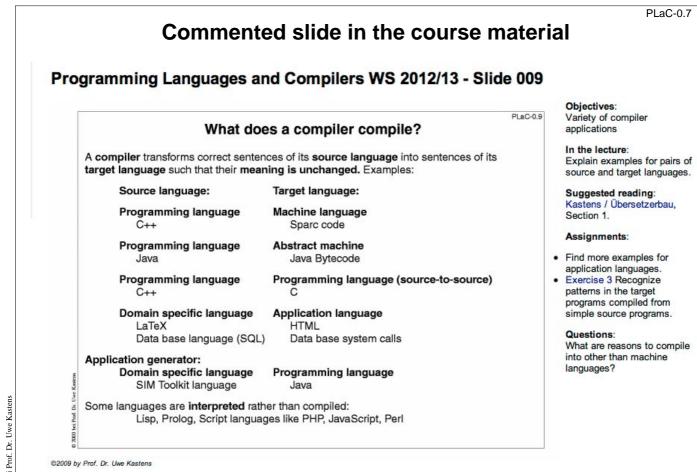
PLaC			
from Lecture	Торіс	here needed for	
Foundations of	Programming Languages:		
	4 levels of language properties	Language specification, compiler tasks	
	Context-free grammars	Grammar design, syntactic analysis	
	Scope rules	Name analysis	
	Data types	Type specification and analysis	
Modeling:			
	Finite automata	Lexical analysis	
	Context-free grammars	Grammar design, syntactic analysis	

Refe	PLaC-0
Material for this course PLaC : for the Master course Compilation Methods :	http://ag-kastens.upb.de/lehre/material/plac http://ag-kastens.upb.de/lehre/material/compii
Modellierung: Grundlagen der Programmiersprachen:	http://ag-kastens.upb.de/lehre/material/model http://ag-kastens.upb.de/lehre/material/gdp
John C. Mitchell: Concepts in Programming	Languages, Cambridge University Press, 2003
R. W. Sebesta: Concepts of Programming L	anguages, 4. Ed., Addison-Wesley, 1999
U. Kastens: Übersetzerbau , Handbuch der Int (not available on the market anymore, available	
A. W. Appel: Modern Compiler Implementati 2nd Edition, 2002 (available for C and for ML,	
W. M. Waite, L. R. Carter: An Introduction to Harper Collins, New York, 1993	Compiler Construction,
U. Kastens, A. M. Sloane, W. M. Waite: Gener Jones and Bartlett Publishers, 2007	ating Software from Specifications,

PLaC-				
Week	Chapter	Kastens	Waite Carter	Eli Doc.
1	0. Introduction			
2	1. Language Properties and Compiler tasks	1, 2	1.1 - 2.1	
3 - 4	2. Symbol Specification and Lexical Analysis	3	2.4 3.1 - 3.3	+
5 - 7	3. Context-free Grammars and Syntactic Analysis	4	4, 5, 6	+
8 - 10	4. Attribute Grammars and Semantic Analysis	5		+
11	5. Binding of Names	6.2	7	+
12	6. Type Specification and Analysis	(6.1)		+
13	7. Specification of Dynamic Semantics			
13	8. Source-to-Source Translation			
	9. Domain Specific Languages			

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000	Lecture Programming Languages an	d Compilers WS 2013/14
	ag-kastens.upb.de/lehre/material/plac/	C Reader
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	UNIVERSITÄT PADERBORN Die Universität der Informationsgesellschaft	
Fachgruppe Kastens > Lehre >		
Slides Assignments	Lecture Programming Languages	and Compilers WS 2013/14
Organization	0 // 1	• • •
News My koaLA	Slides	Assignments
My KOALA	Chapters	Assignments
SUCHEN:	Slides	Printing
	Printing	
	- Thinking	
	Organization	Ressources
	General Information	Objectives
	News	Prerequisites
	04.10.2013 Lectures begin on Mo	Literature
	October 14 at 09:15, Ro F0.530.	Online Reading Material (Koala)
		Eli Online Documentation
	Veranstaltungs-Nummer: L.079.05505	
	Generiert mit Camelot Probleme mit Camelot? Geändert am: 06.10.2	



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Organization of the course	PLaC-0
Programming Languages and Compilers WS 2013/14 - Organization	
Lecturer	
Prof. Dr. Uwe Kastens:	
Office Hours	
• Wed 16.00 - 17.00 F2.308	
• Tue 11.00 - 12.00 F2.308	
Hours	
Lecture	
• V2 Mo 09.15 - 10.45, F0.530 Start date: Oct 14, 2013	
Excercises	
• Ül Mo 11.00 - 11.45, F0.530 / F1.520 Start date: Oct 14, 2013	
Examination	
Oral examinations of 20 to 30 min duration. Any topic of the lecture and of the tutorial may be subject of the exam. See also the sequence of questions in Chapter 10.	
Two time spans are offered for examinations:	
1. Feb 12 to 14 in 2014 2. April 01 to 03 in 2014	
Register in PAUL for the one or the other time span; then ask for an appointment by email to my secretary Mrs. Gundelach (sigu@upb.de).	
Assignments	
Assignments will be published every week.	
Assignments will be published every week.	

What doe	s a compiler compile?	PLaC-0
ompiler transforms correct sentend get language such that their mean	ces of its source language into sentences of its ing is unchanged. Examples:	
Source language:	Target language:	
Programming language C++	Machine language Sparc code	
Programming language Java	Abstract machine Java Bytecode	
Programming language C++	Programming language (source-to-source) C	
Domain specific language LaTeX Data base language (SQL)	Application language HTML Data base system calls	
 Dication generator: Domain specific language SIM Toolkit language	Programming language Java	
ne languages are interpreted rathe Lisp, Prolog, Script languag	er than compiled: es like PHP, JavaScript, Perl	

What is compiled here?

PLaC-0.11

```
class Average
     { private:
         int sum, count;
       public:
         Average (void)
           \{ sum = 0; count = 0; \}
         void Enter (int val)
           { sum = sum + val; count++; }
         float GetAverage (void)
           { return sum / count; }
     };
         _ _ _ _ _ _
_Enter__7Averagei:
             pushl %ebp
             movl %esp,%ebp
             movl 8(%ebp),%edx
             movl 12(%ebp),%eax
             addl %eax,(%edx)
             incl 4(%edx)
     L6:
             movl %ebp,%esp
             popl %ebp
             ret
```

```
class Average
{ private
    int sum, count;
 public
   Average ()
      \{ sum = 0; count = 0; \}
    void Enter (int val)
      { sum = sum + val; count++; }
   float GetAverage ()
      { return sum / count; }
};
_____
1: Enter: (int) --> void
  Access: []
  Attribute 'Code' (Length 49)
      Code: 21 Bytes Stackdepth: 3 Locals: 2
      0:
            aload_0
      1:
            aload_0
      2:
           getfield cp4
      5:
            iload_1
      6:
            iadd
      7:
            putfield cp4
      10:
            aload_0
      11:
            dup
      12:
            getfield cp3
      15:
            iconst_1
      16:
            iadd
```

What is compiled here?

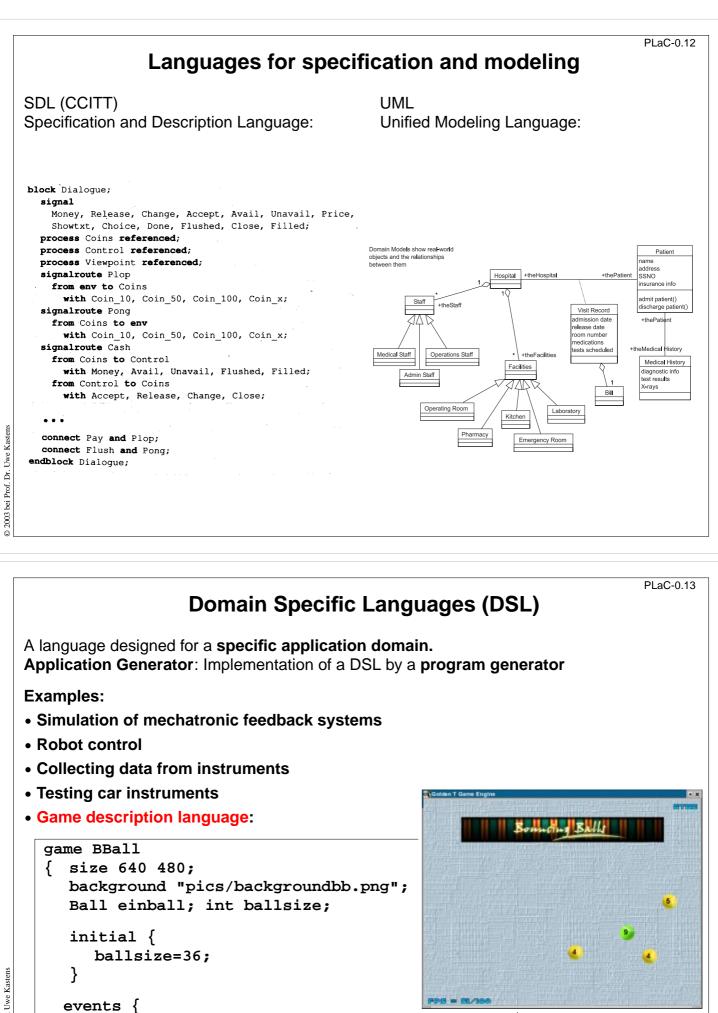
```
program Average;
      var sum, count: integer;
           aver: integer;
       procedure Enter (val: integer);
           begin sum := sum + val;
                 count := count + 1;
           end;
    begin
       sum := 0; count := 0;
       Enter (5); Enter (7);
       aver := sum div count;
    end.
_____
void ENTER_5 (char *slnk , int VAL_4)
     {/* data definitions: */
        /* executable code: */
        {
           SUM_1 = (SUM_1)+(VAL_4);
           COUNT_2 = (COUNT_2) + (1);
           ;
     } /* ENTER_5 */
```

```
\documentstyle[12pt]{article}
\begin{document}
\section{Introduction}
This is a very short document.
It just shows
\begin{itemize}
\item an item, and
\item another item.
\end{itemize}
\end{document}
_____
%%Page: 1 1
1 0 bop 164 315 a Fc(1)81
b(In)n(tro)r(duction)
164 425 y Fb(This)16
b(is)q(a)h(v)o(ery)e(short)
i(do)q(cumen)o(t.)j(It)c(just)g
(sho)o(ws)237 527 y Fa(\017)24 b
Fb(an)17 b(item,)
c(and)237 628 y Fa(\017)24 b
Fb(another)17 b(item.)
961 2607 y(1)p
eop
```

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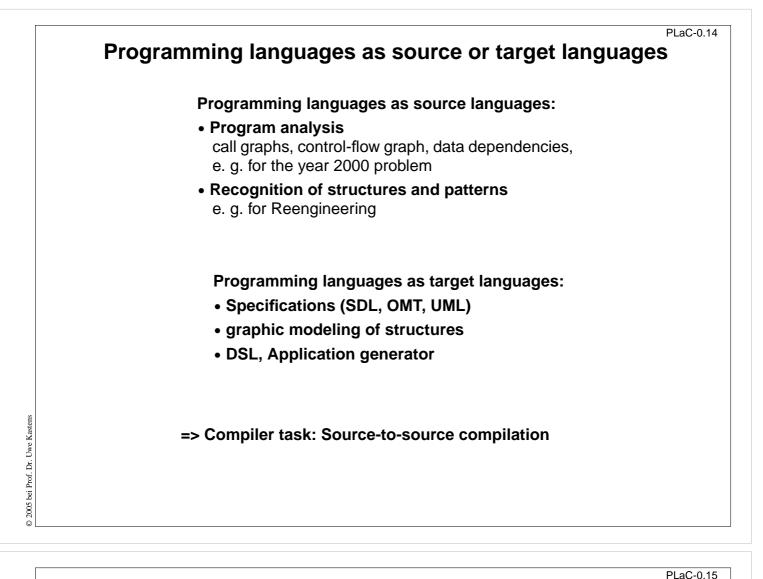
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0



pressed SPACE:
{ einball = new Ball(<100,540>, <100,380>);

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Semester project as running example

SetLan: A Language for Set Computation

SetLan is a domain-specific language for **programming with sets**. Constructs of the the language are dedicated to describe sets and computations using sets. The language allows to define types for sets and variables and expressions of those types. Specific loop constructs allow to iterate through sets. These constructs are embedded in a simple imperative language.

A source-to-source translator **translates SetLan programs into Java** programs.

The SetLan translator is implemented using the methods and tools introduced in this course.

The participants of this course get an implementation of a **sub-language of SetLan as a starting point** for their work towards their individual extension of the language and the implementation.

```
{
    set a, b; int i;
    i = 1;
    a = [i, 3, 5];
    b = [3, 6, 8];
    print a+b; printLn;
    print a*b <= b;
    printLn;
}</pre>
```